

Package ‘rankMANOVA’

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Type Package

Title Rank-Based Tests for Multivariate Data in Nonparametric Factorial Designs

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Depends R (>= 4.5.0)

Description Implemented are an ANOVA-type test statistic for testing hypotheses formulated in Mann-Whitney-type effects in nonparametric factorial designs. Statistical inference is based on a wild or a sample-specific bootstrap approach as described in 'Dobler et al. (2019) <[doi:10.1007/s10463-019-00717-3](https://doi.org/10.1007/s10463-019-00717-3)>'. The unweighted treatment effects considered do not depend on sample sizes and allow for transitive ordering. The package thus provides an extension of the univariate 'rankFD' package to multivariate data.

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Imports MASS (>= 7.3-43), parallel, methods, multcomp

LazyData TRUE

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, GFD

Encoding UTF-8

RoxygenNote 7.3.3

VignetteBuilder knitr, rmarkdown

URL <https://github.com/smn74/rankMANOVA>

BugReports <https://github.com/smn74/rankMANOVA/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

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Contents

marketing	2
pairwise	3
print.rankMANOVA	4
rankMANOVA	4
summary.rankMANOVA	6
univariate	7
Index	9

marketing

Marketing Data

Description

A dataset containing information on the annual household income along with 13 other demographic factors of shopping mall customers in the San Francisco Bay Area.

Usage

```
data(marketing)
```

Format

A data frame with 8993 rows and 14 variables:

Income ANNUAL INCOME OF HOUSEHOLD (PERSONAL INCOME IF SINGLE)

Sex Sex, 1= male, 2 = female

Marital Marital status

Age Age (categorized)

Edu Education: 1. Grade 8 or less 2. Grades 9 to 11 3. Graduated high school 4. 1 to 3 years of college 5. College graduate 6. Grad Study

Occupation Occupation

HowLong HOW LONG HAVE YOU LIVED IN THE SAN FRAN./OAKLAND/SAN JOSE AREA?

Dual DUAL INCOMES (IF MARRIED)

Persons PERSONS IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD

Persons<18 PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD UNDER 18

Status HOUSEHOLDER STATUS

Type TYPE OF HOME

Ethnic ETHNIC CLASSIFICATION

Language WHAT LANGUAGE IS SPOKEN MOST OFTEN IN YOUR HOME? 1. English 2. Spanish 3. Other

Source

Impact Resources, Inc., Columbus, OH (1987). Dataset available from <https://hastie.su.domains/ElemStatLearn/data.html>, formerly part of the ElemStatLearn package.

pairwise	<i>Pairwise post-hoc comparisons in nonparametric multivariate factorial designs</i>
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Description

Pairwise post-hoc comparisons in nonparametric multivariate factorial designs

Usage

```
pairwise(object, type = NULL, base = 1, factor = NULL, uni = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A rankMANOVA object. The pairwise comparisons can only be performed for one factor at a time, so this model must be a one-way model.
type	The type of the pairwise comparison must be specified here. Calculation is based on the <code>contrMat</code> function in package <code>multcomp</code> , see the corresponding help page for details on the types of contrasts available.
base	An integer specifying which group is considered the baseline group for Dunnett contrasts, see contrMat .
factor	If desired, the specific factor for which the calculations shall be computed. Defaults to all factors present in the model (without interactions, though).
uni	Logical: should univariate comparisons also be computed? Default is FALSE.
...	Not used yet.

Details

The `pairwise` function computes p-values for pairwise comparisons as provided by [contrMat](#). For the nonparametric comparisons, only Tukey's all-pairwise and Dunnett's many-to-one comparisons are used. Note that due to the formulation of our effect size vectors, these tests can be performed by applying the closed testing principle, i.e., no alpha-correction is needed, see Dobler, Friedrich and Pauly (2019) for details.

NOTE: If an interaction is significant in the main model, the data set should be split accordingly for the post-hoc analyses. Thus, the pairwise comparisons are not computed for interaction effects.

Value

p-values for the multivariate and (if desired) univariate pairwise comparisons of the chosen factor.

References

Dobler, D., Friedrich, S., and Pauly, M. (2019). Nonparametric MANOVA in meaningful effects. Annals of the Institute of Statistical Mathematics.

See Also

[contrMat](#)

<code>print.rankMANOVA</code>	<i>Display rankMANOVA object</i>
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Description

Returns a short summary of the results (test statistic with p-values)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'rankMANOVA'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A rankMANOVA object
<code>...</code>	Additional parameters (currently not used)

Value

No return value, print()-function

<code>rankMANOVA</code>	<i>Rank-based Tests for Multivariate Data in Nonparametric Factorial Designs</i>
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Description

The rankMANOVA function calculates an ANOVA-type statistic (ATS) with (wild) bootstrap p-values for nonparametric factorial designs with multivariate data.

Usage

```
rankMANOVA(
  formula,
  data,
  iter = 10000,
  alpha = 0.05,
  para = FALSE,
  CPU,
  dec = 3,
  seed = NULL,
  resampling = "bootstrap",
  nested.levels.unique = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

formula	A model formula object. The left hand side contains the response variables and the right hand side contains the factor variables of interest. Data must be provided in wide format.
data	A data.frame containing the variables in formula.
iter	The number of iterations used for calculating the resampled statistic. The default option is 10,000.
alpha	A number specifying the significance level; the default is 0.05.
para	Logical: should parallel computing be used? Default is FALSE.
CPU	The number of cores used for parallel computing. If omitted, cores are detected via detectCores .
dec	Number of decimals the results should be rounded to. Default is 3.
seed	A random seed for the resampling procedure. If omitted, no reproducible seed is set.
resampling	The resampling method to be used, one of "bootstrap" (sample-specific bootstrap approach) and "WildBS" (wild bootstrap approach with Rademacher weights). The default is "WildBS".
nested.levels.unique	A logical specifying whether the levels of the nested factor(s) are labeled uniquely or not. Default is FALSE, i.e., the levels of the nested factor are the same for each level of the main factor. For an example and more explanations see the GFD package and the corresponding vignette.

Details

Implemented is an ANOVA-type test statistic for testing hypotheses formulated in Mann-Whitney-type effects in nonparametric factorial designs. Statistical inference is based on a wild or a sample-specific bootstrap approach. The unweighted treatment effects considered do not depend on sample sizes and allow for transitive ordering. The package thus provides an extension of the univariate [rankFD](#) package to multivariate data.

Value

A rankMANOVA object containing the following components:

Descriptive	Some descriptive statistics of the data for all factor level combinations. Displayed are the number of individuals per factor level combination and the unweighted treatment effects for each dimension.
Test	The test statistic(s) and p-value(s) based on the chosen bootstrap approach.

NOTE

The number of bootstrap iterations has been set to 100 in the examples due to runtime restrictions on CRAN. Usually it is recommended to use at least 1000 iterations.

References

Dobler, D., Friedrich, S., and Pauly, M. (2017). Nonparametric MANOVA in Mann-Whitney effects.

See Also

[rankFD](#)

Examples

```
data("marketing")
mymar <- marketing[, c("Sex", "Income", "Edu")]
mymar2 <- na.omit(mymar)
test <- rankMANOVA(cbind(Income, Edu) ~ Sex, data = mymar2, iter=100,
  resampling = "WildBS", CPU = 1)
summary(test)
```

summary.rankMANOVA	<i>Summarizing a rankMANOVA object</i>
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Description

Returns a summary of the results including sample sizes and unweighted treatment effects for all groups as well as the test statistic with resampling-based p-values

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'rankMANOVA'
summary(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A rankMANOVA object
...	Additional parameters (currently not used)

Value

No return value, summary()-function

univariate	<i>Univariate post-hoc comparisons in nonparametric multivariate factorial designs</i>
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Description

Univariate post-hoc comparisons in nonparametric multivariate factorial designs

Usage

```
univariate(object, factor = NULL, data, ...)
```

Arguments

object	A rankMANOVA object.
factor	The factor for which univariate comparisons are desired. Must be one of the factors used in the main analysis, of course. Defaults to all factors in the model (without interactions).
data	The data set to be used for the analysis. If none is specified, the data used for fitting object is re-used.
...	Not used yet.

Details

The univariate function computes p-values for univariate comparisons. If no factor is specified, all factors in the model are used. In this case, the unweighted effects don't change compared to the multivariate model and are thus not returned, only p-values and test statistics for the univariate tests. Details on the tests can be found in Dobler, Friedrich and Pauly (2019). Note that due to the formulation of our effect size vectors, these tests can be performed by applying the closed testing principle, i.e., no alpha-correction is needed.

NOTE: If an interaction is significant in the main model, the data set should be split accordingly for the post-hoc analyses. Thus, the univariate comparisons are not computed for interaction effects.

Value

p-values for the univariate post-hoc comparisons of the chosen factor.

References

Dobler, D., Friedrich, S., and Pauly, M. (2019). Nonparametric MANOVA in meaningful effects. *Annals of the Institute of Statistical Mathematics*.

Index

* **datasets**

marketing, [2](#)

contrMat, [3](#), [4](#)

detectCores, [5](#)

formula, [5](#)

marketing, [2](#)

pairwise, [3](#)

print.rankMANOVA, [4](#)

rankFD, [5](#), [6](#)

rankMANOVA, [4](#)

summary.rankMANOVA, [6](#)

univariate, [7](#)